



# ***Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>***

***Water soluble polymers for **Diagnos**tics***

# Outline

## **1. Necessity of Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>**

## **2. Efficacy of Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>**

**2-1. Suppression of non-specific binding**

**2-2. Reduction of lot-to-lot variation for non-specific binding**

**2-3. Stability improvement of antibodies.**

**2-4. Enhancement of sensitivity**

## **3. Biolipidure<sup>®</sup> Product line**

## **4. Summary**

# *Advantage for using Biolipidure*

	<b>BSA, Casein</b>	<b>Synthetic polymer</b>
<b>Denaturation</b>	<b>Inevitable</b>	<b>None</b>
<b>Lot to Lot variation</b>	<b>Large</b>	<b>Small</b>
<b>Danger of infection</b>	<b>Possible</b>	<b>None</b>

**Synthetic  
polymers**

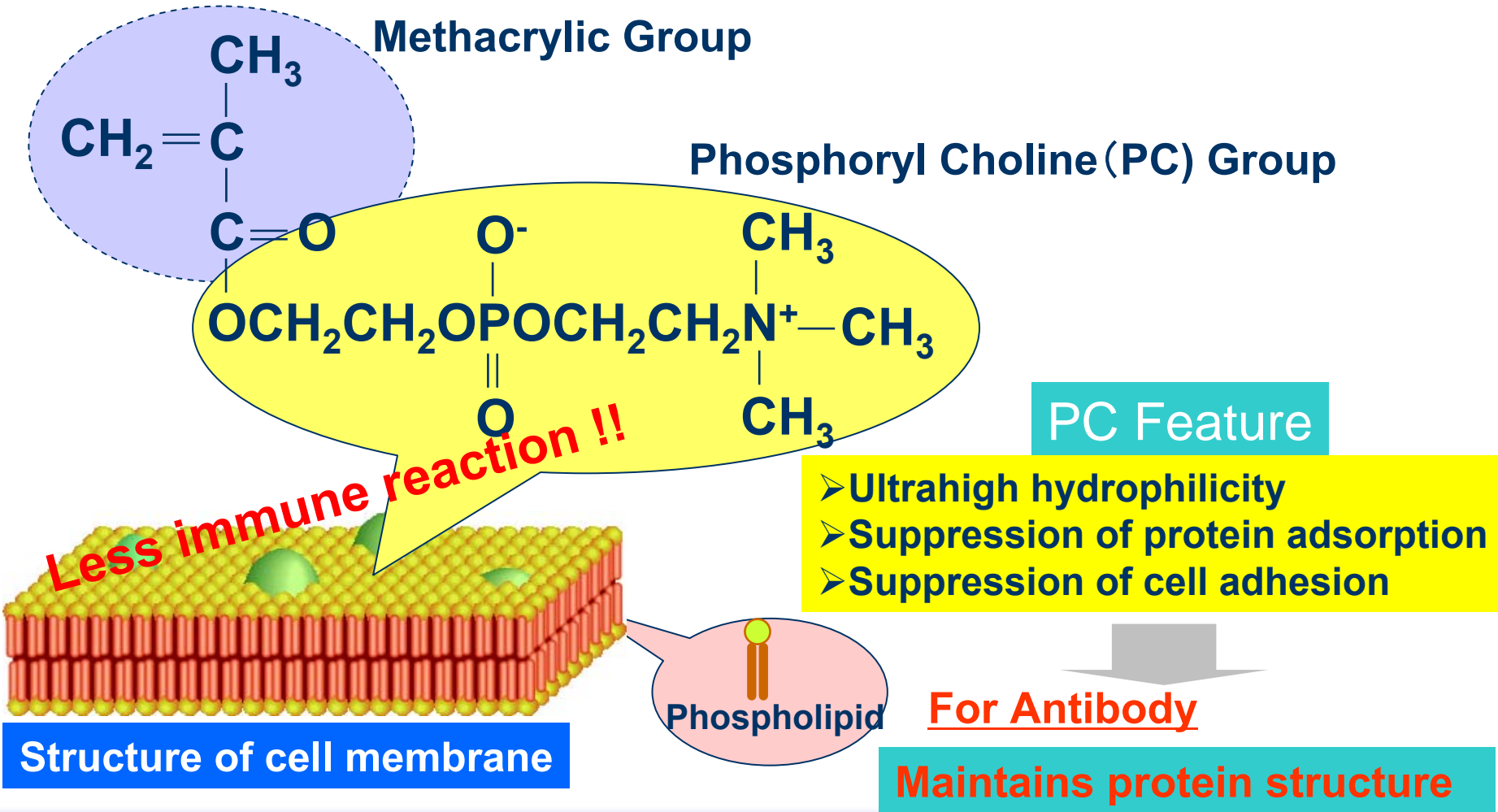


**Good Stability  
Good Reproducibility**

**Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>**

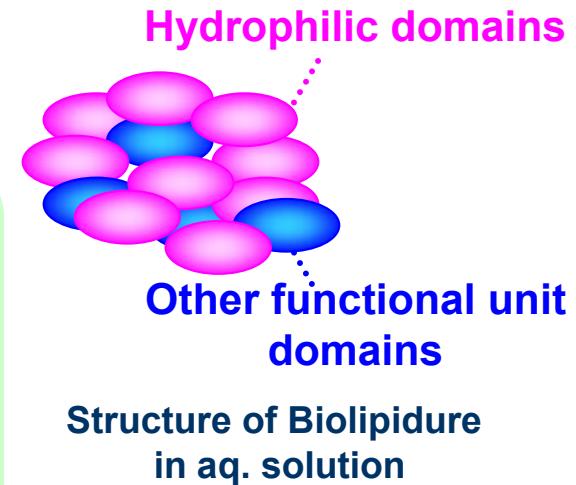
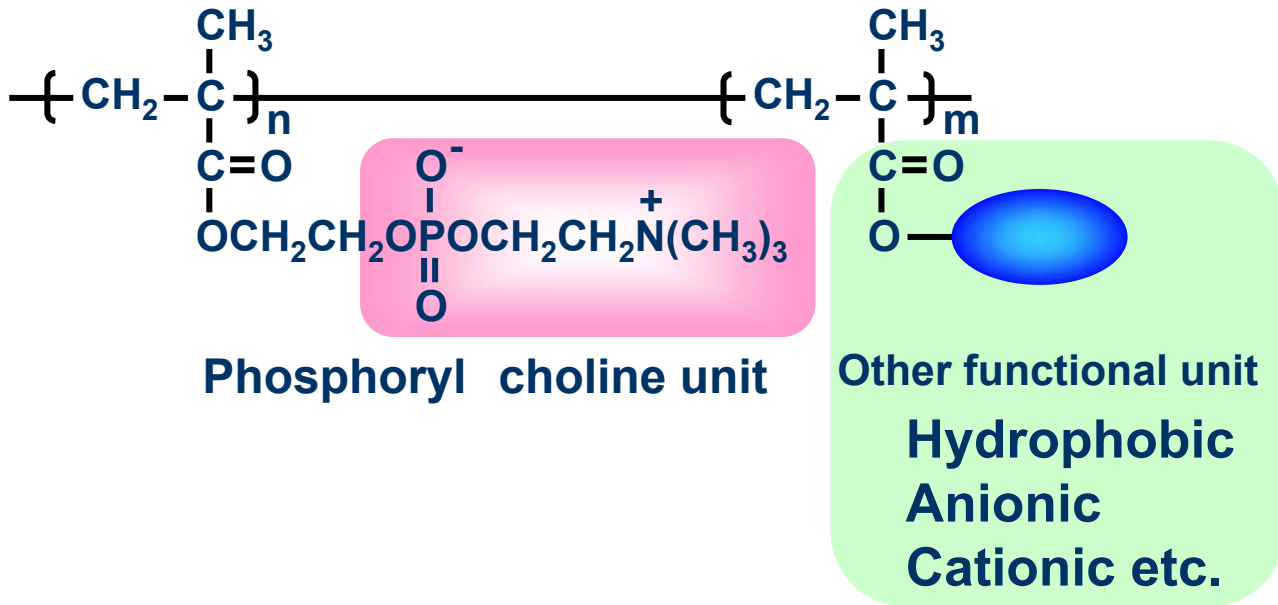
# MPC is a synthetic monomer

MPC = 2-Methacryloyloxyethyl Phosphoryl Choline



# Biolipidure<sup>®</sup> (Copolymers with MPC)

## Structure of Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>



- Appropriate co-monomers can be selected
- Appropriate molecular weight can be chosen
- High purified

# Application and Feature of Biolipidure®



For

- Immunoassay
- Western blotting
- Immunohistochemistry
- Turbidimetric assay
- Immunochromatography
- Beads based assay

## Features

- Suppression of non-specific binding
- Stabilization of immobilized antibody
- Stabilization of enzyme-antibody conjugate in a buffer
- Enhancement of aggregation reaction
- No lot-to-lot variation
- No danger of biohazards

## ***2. Efficacy of Biolipidure®***

***2-1. Suppression of non-specific binding***

***2-2. Reduction of lot to lot variation***

***2-3. Stability improvement of antibodies***

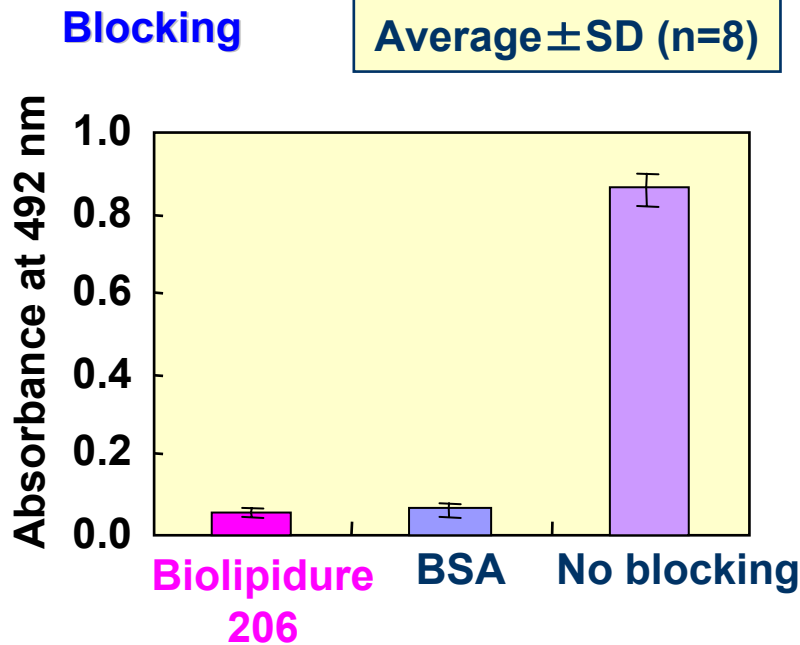
***2-4. Enhancement of sensitivity***

***Turbidimetry***

***Immunochromatography***

***Western Blotting***

# 2-1. Suppression of Non-Specific Binding



## Instrument and sample

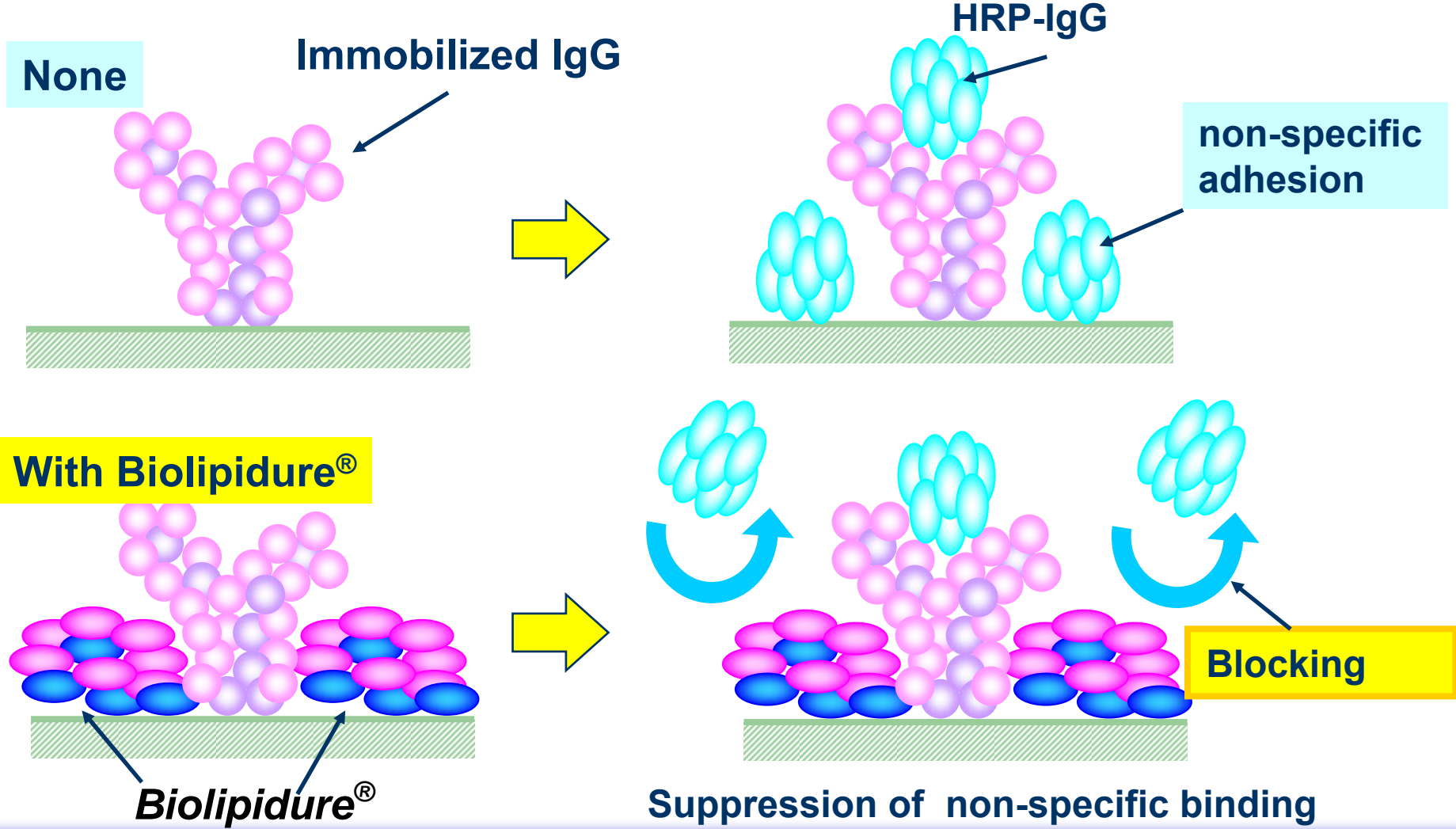
- Solid phase: 96-well plate (Maxisorp F96, Nunc)
- Immobilized antibody: anti (mouse IgG)IgG
- Antigen: non
- Enzyme-IgG conjugate: HRP-Anti (mouse IgG) IgG conjugate
- Substrate: o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride
- Detection: 492 nm

## Experimental procedure:

- (1) Immobilize anti (mouse IgG) IgG
- (2) Dispensate 0.1 % polymer (2 % Biolipidure <sup>®</sup>-206) and 1 mg/mL BSA for blocking
- (3) Dispensate HRP-Anti (mouse IgG) IgG conjugate
- (4) Dispensate o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride
- (5) Measure absorbance of solution(4) at 492 nm



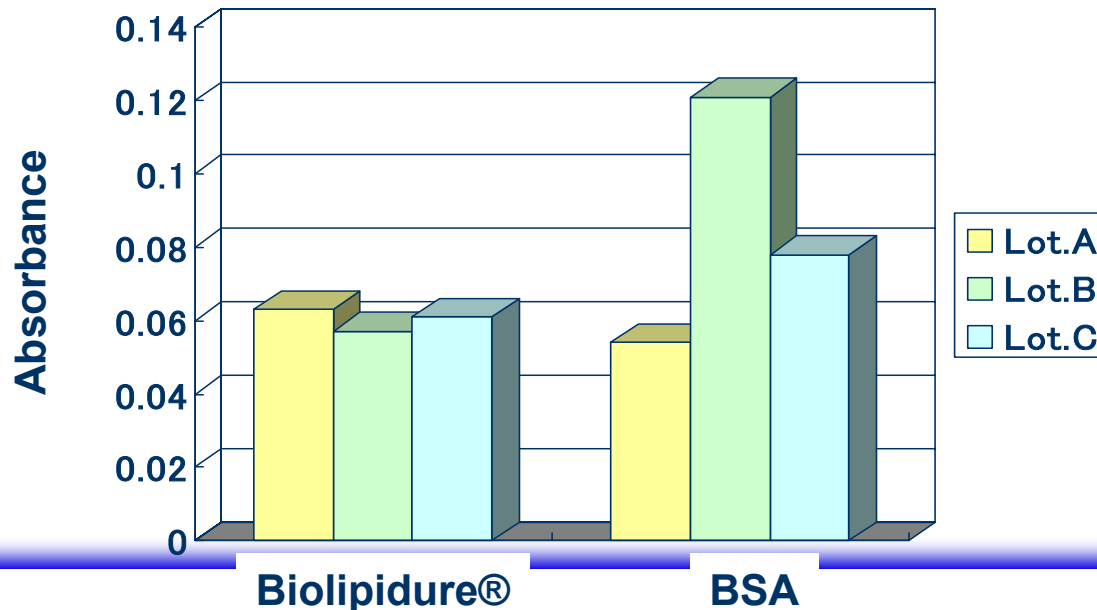
# Blocking Mechanism of Biolipidure®





## 2-2. Suppression of Lot-to-lot Variation

### Experiment procedure

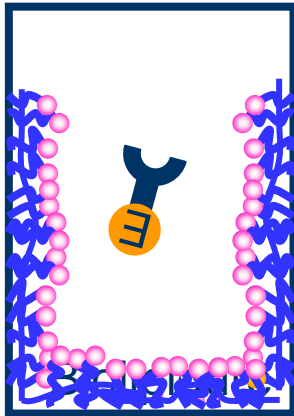
- (1) Add 200ul of 0.2 % polymer (4% Biolipidure®-802) with PBS and 5mg/ ml BSA/ PBS solution in Immunoplate (Nunc Maxisorp F96)
- (2) Incubate for 2 hours at room temperature (R.T.)
- (3) Rinse each treated plate off with PBS and dry them for 2 hours at R.T.
- (4) Add HRP conjugated goat-anti-mouse IgG solution in each well
- (5) Incubate for 1 hour at R.T.
- (6) Rinse each well off with PBS
- (7) Add 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMBZ) solution in each well for color reaction
- (8) Measure absorbance of the solution at 450 nm



# Mechanism: Suppression of Lot-to-lot Variation

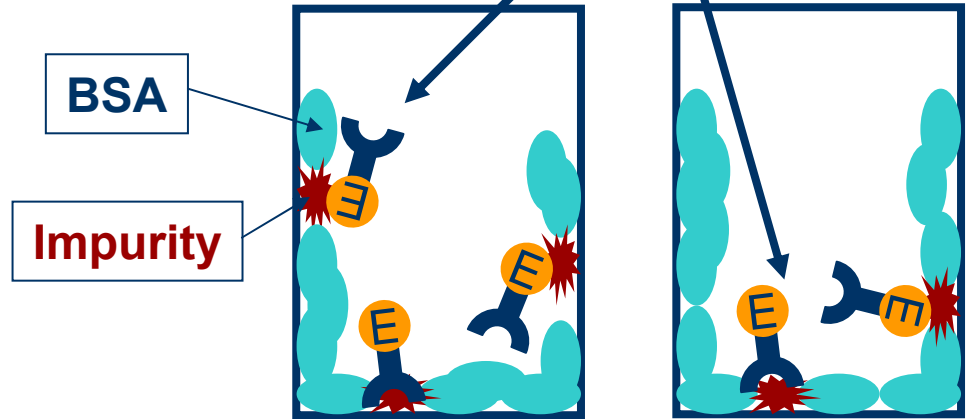
<b>Biolipidure®</b>	<b>BSA</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ No impurity</li><li>➤ Synthetic Polymer</li></ul> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>No lot to lot variation</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>➤ Contains impurities</li><li>➤ Impurity amount is different in each lot</li></ul> <p style="text-align: center;"></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Significant lot to lot variation</b></p>

**No Binding**



**Biolipidure®**

**Binding**

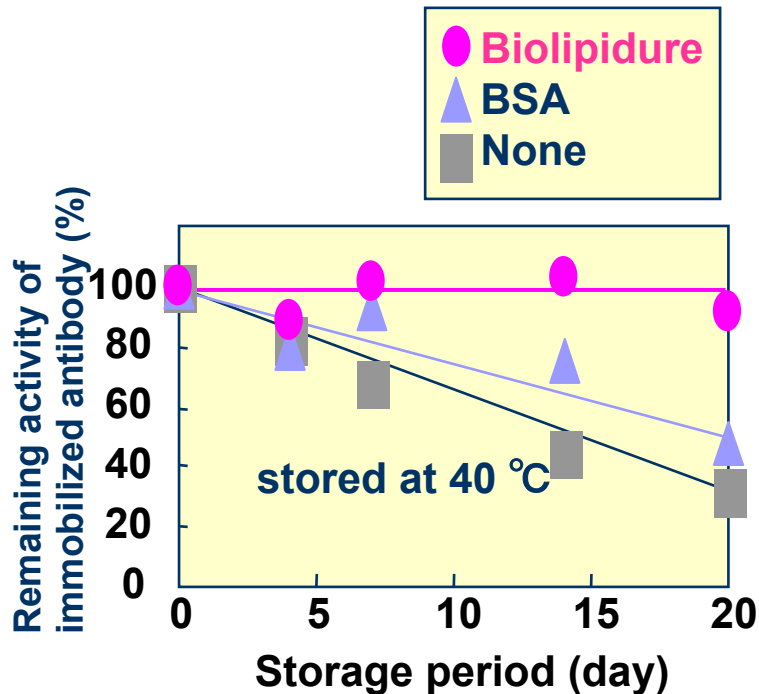


**BSA: Lot. A**

**BSA: Lot. B**

# 2-3. Stability Improvement of Antibody (1)

## Stabilization for immobilized antibody



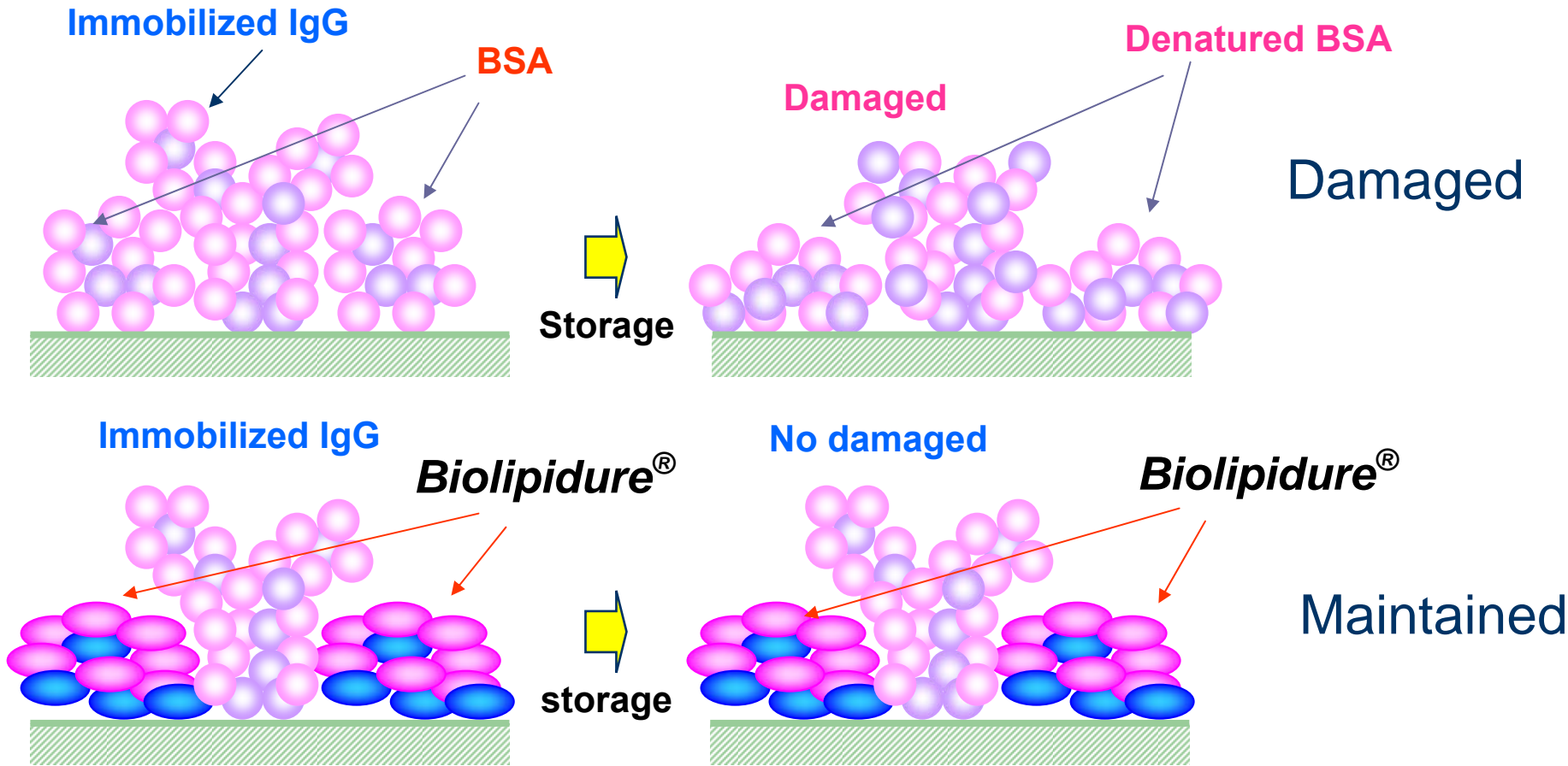
### Instrument and sample

- Solid phase: 96-well plate (Maxisorp F96, Nunc)
- Immobilized antibody: anti (mouse IgG)IgG
- Antigen: mouse IgG
- Enzyme-IgG conjugate: HRP-Anti (mouse IgG) IgG conjugate
- Substrate: o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride
- Detection: 492 nm

### Experimental procedure:

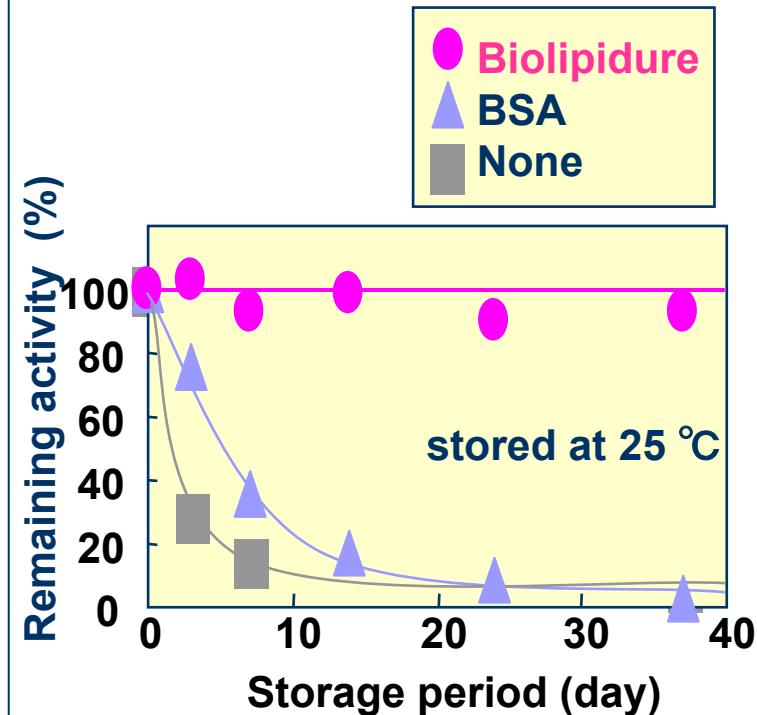
- (1) Immobilize anti (mouse IgG)IgG
- (2) Add 0.1 % polymer(2% Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>-802) and 0.1% BSA for blocking
- (3) Suck up the solution in the well and dry
- (4) Store at 40 °C : 0, 4, 7, 14 and 20 day
- (5) Dispensate mouse IgG
- (6) Dispensate HRP-Anti (mouse IgG) IgG conjugate
- (7) Dispensate o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride
- (8) Measure absorbance of solution(6) at 492 nm

# Stabilization Mechanism of Immobilized Antibody



## 2-3. Stability Improvement of Antibody (2)

### Stabilization for HRP-IgG in a Buffer



#### Instrument and Sample

Solid phase: 96-well plate (Maxisorp F96, Nunc)

Immobilized antibody: anti (mouse IgG) IgG

Antigen: mouse IgG

Enzyme-IgG conjugate: HRP-Anti (mouse IgG) IgG conjugate

Substrate: o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride



Detection: 492 nm



#### Experimental procedure:

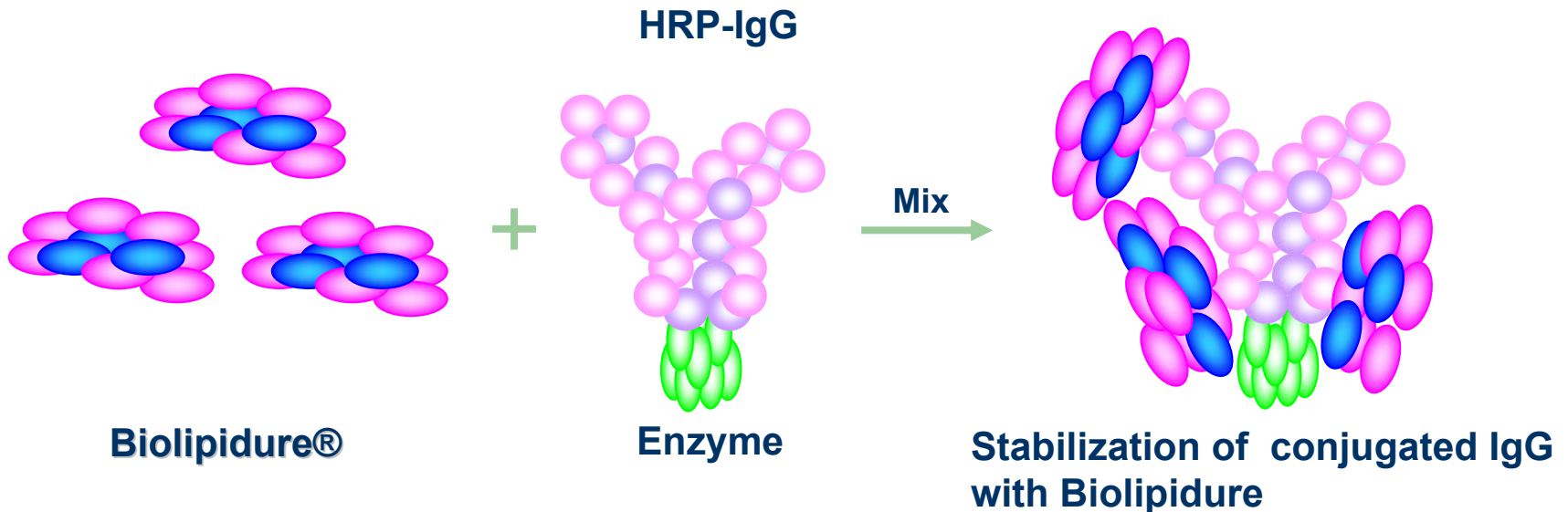
- (1) Immobilize antibody and reacted antigen in well plate
- (2) Dispensate 1 % polymer (20% Biolipidure®-802 and 1% BSA into HRP-IgG conjugate
- (3) Storage at 25 °C: 0, 3, 7, 14, 24 and 37 day
- (4) Dispensate solution prepared at (3) in well prepared at (1)
- (5) Dispensate o-phenylenediamine dihydro-chloride
- (6) Measur absorbance at 492 nm

**Biolipidure-802 can stabilize HRP-IgG in a Buffer.**

# Stabilization Mechanism of HRP-IgG in a Solution

 Hydrophilic domains in Biolipidure  
 Hydrophobic domains in Biolipidure

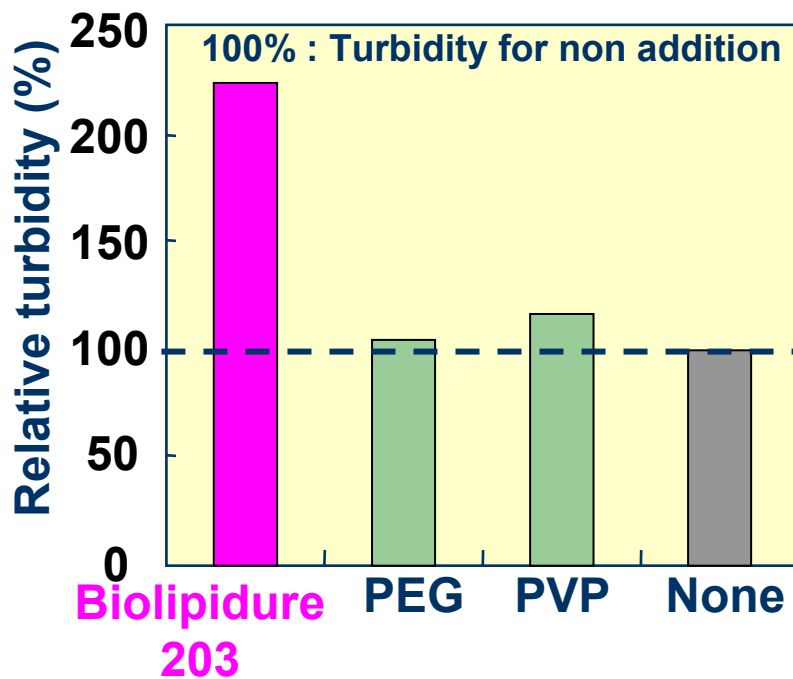
 Hydrophilic domains in Antibody  
 Hydrophobic domains in Antibody



- **Biolipidure® forms a complex moderately with conjugated IgG.**
- **The conformation of HRP-IgG can be maintained in a buffer.**

# 2-4-1 Application for Turbidimetry

## Enhancement of aggregation reaction in turbidimetry



PEG : Polyethylene glycol (Mw=6,000)  
PVP : Polyvinylpyrrolidone (Mw=40,000)

### Instrument and Sample

Sample : Human sera

R1 : 1% water soluble polymer buffer solution

R2 : 0.8 mg/dL Anti-CRP ab.-Latex buffer solution

Instrument : 7070Auto Analyzer (Hitachi)

Wave length and : 570nm and 800nm

measurement frequency : 34 times in 10 min

### Procedure

-Sample and all reagents are placed in auto analyzer and distributed automatically, and the absorbance was measured automatically

-The reaction is controlled at 37°C

(1)Dispense 2uL of sample in the cell

(2)Dispense 300ul of R1 on sample(1)

(3)Measure absorbance(ABS1) of solution(2)

(4)5min later, dispense 50uL of R2 on solution(2) and agitate it

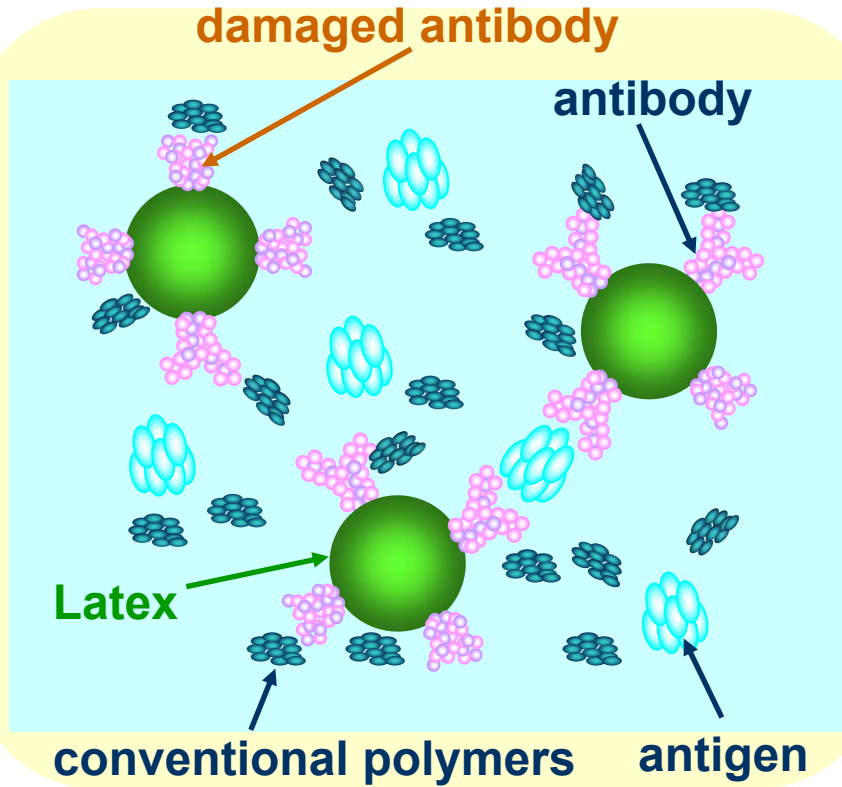
(5)Measure absorbance(ABS2) of solution(4)

\*In case ABS2-ABS1 is large, the sensitivity of the system is high

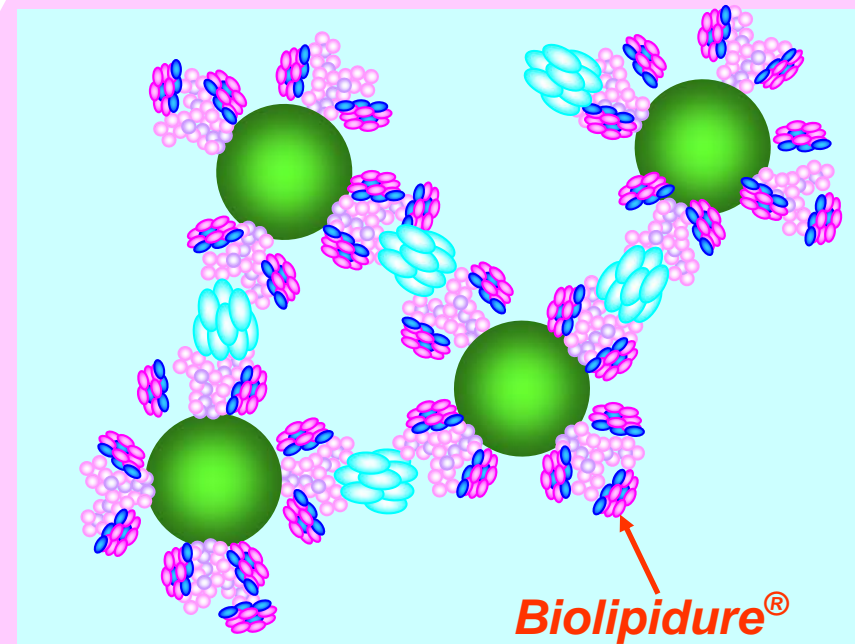


# Enhancement Mechanism by Biolipidure®

## Conventional Polymers



## Biolipidure®

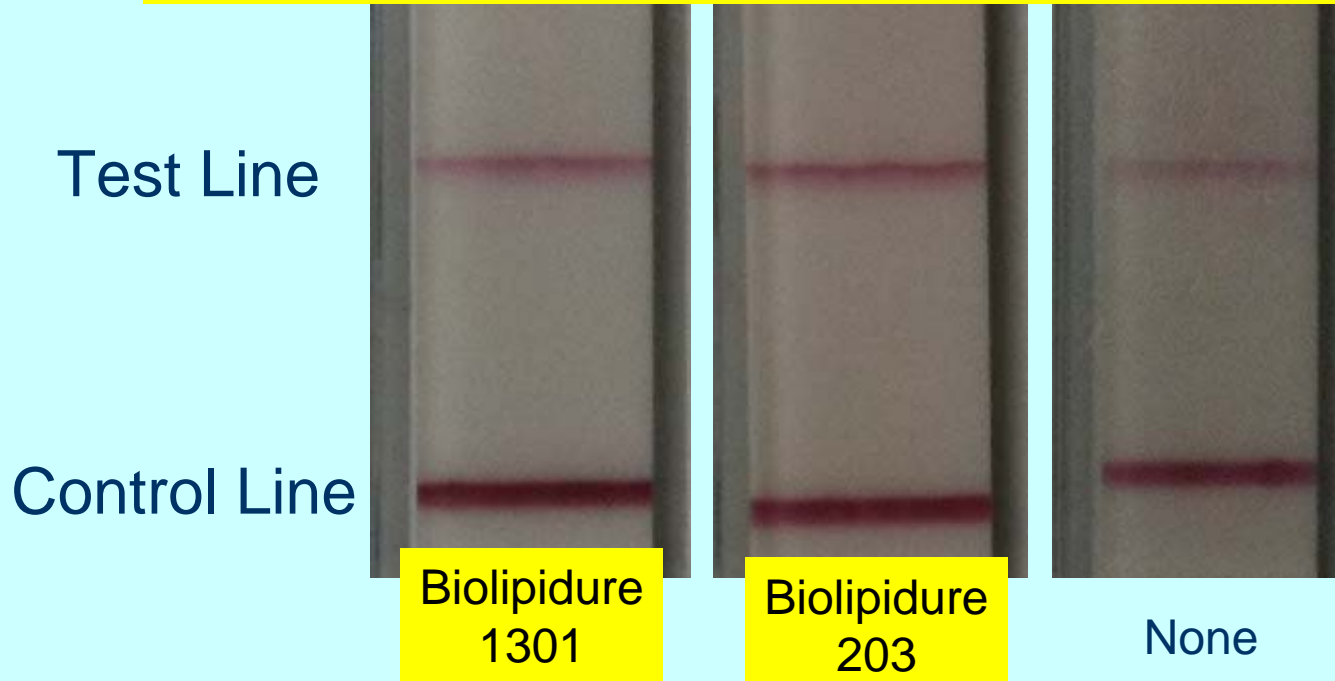


**Stabilization of antibody**

## 2-4-2. Application for Immunochromatography

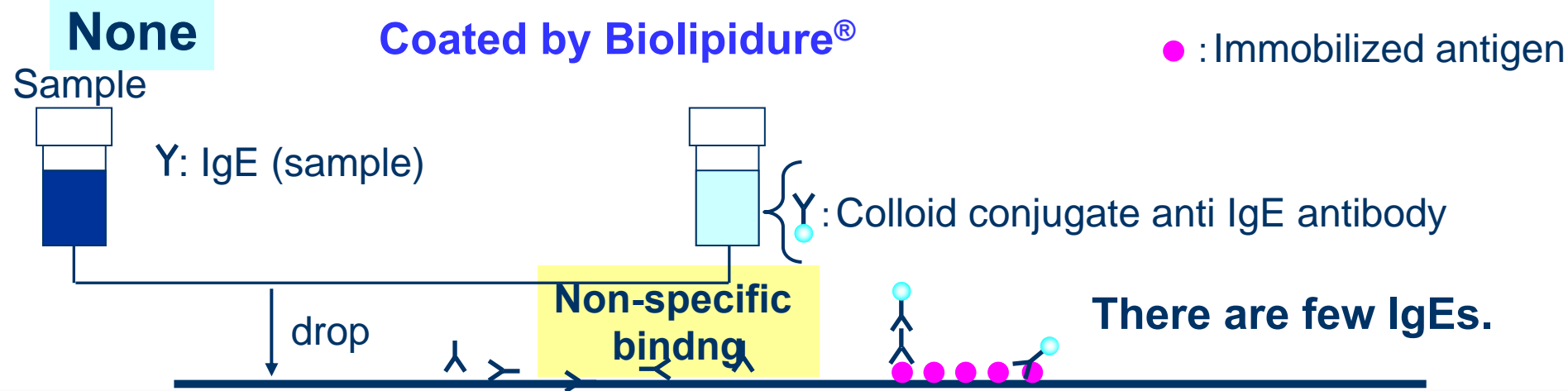
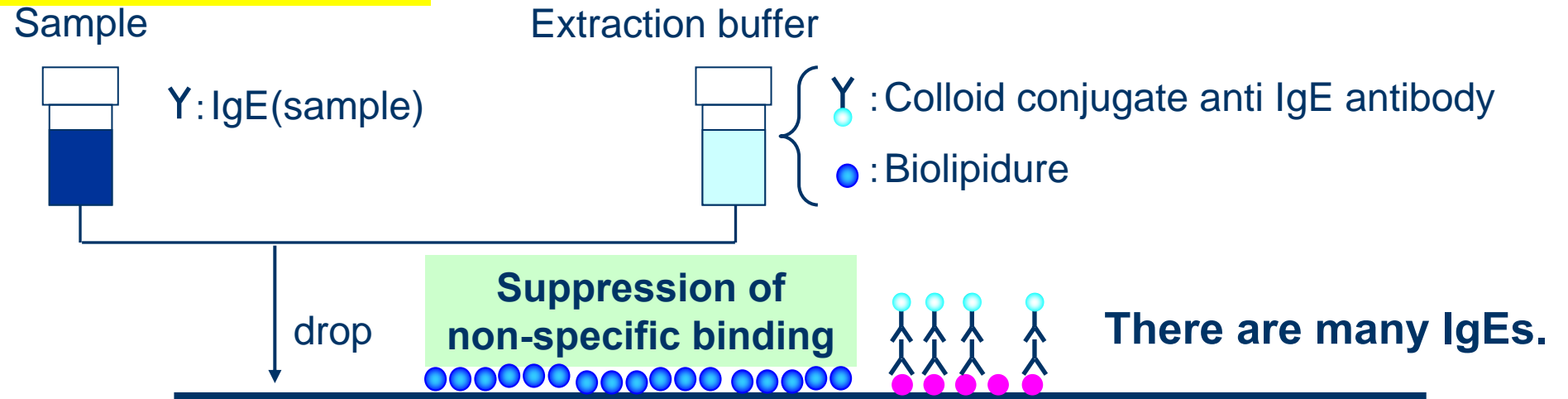
KIT Name: Adenovirus rapid test kits by Mitsubishi (MHW# 21400AMZ00679000)  
How to use: 0.5% polymer (10% Biolipidure) is added into the solution for virus extraction.

Sensitivities are improved by Biolipidure.



# Suppression of Non Specific Binding for immunochromatography

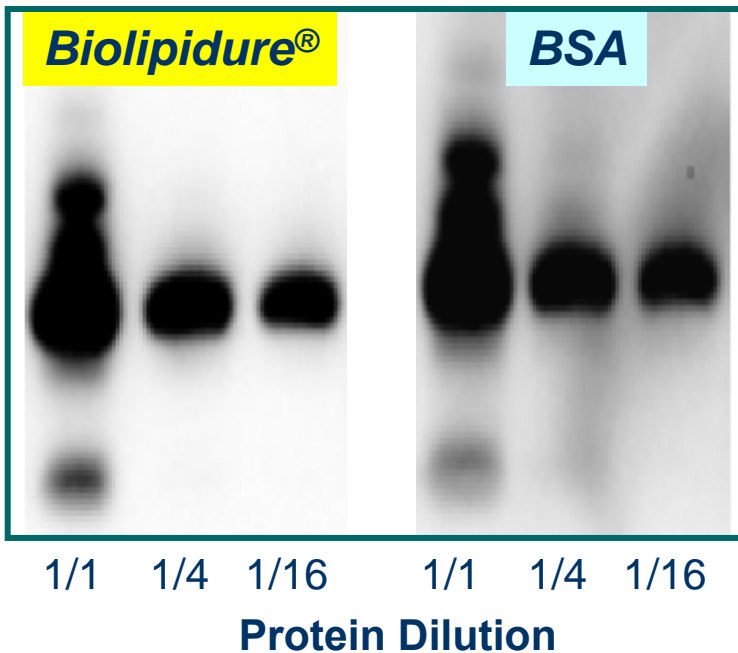
## With Biolipidure



## 2-4-3. Application for Western Blotting

### How to use

- 1) The proteins are electrophoresed on a 10% SDS-PAGE.
- 2) The proteins are transferred onto a nitrocellulose membrane.
- 3) The membrane is blocked with **0.2% polymer** (4% "**Biolipidure®-203**") in Tris-buffered saline (TBS) at room temperature for 1 hr.
- 4) The membrane is incubated with appropriate primary antibodies in TBS.



- Suppress Non-Specific Binding
- Improve S/N ratio

# 3. Products Line of Biolipidure®

Name	Property	Blocking	Stabilizer	Enhancer	Vol.
<b>Biolipidure®-103</b>	Amphoteric	—	Good	 <b>*(2)</b>	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-203</b>	Amphoteric	Good	Good	 <b>*(1)</b>	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-206</b>	Amphoteric			Good	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-405</b>	Anionic	—	—	 <b>*(2)</b>	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-502</b>	Cationic	—	—	Good	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-702</b>	Amphoteric	—	—	Good	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-802</b>	Amphoteric			—	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-1002</b>	Amphoteric		Good	Good	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-1201</b>	Amphoteric	Good	—	—	10 mL
<b>Biolipidure®-1301</b>	Amphoteric	Good	—	—	10 mL

 : Immunoassay

\*(#) : Latex aggregation method

# 4. Summary

- **Biolipidure<sup>®</sup> performs better than BSA and has no lot-to-lot variations.**
- **Biolipidure<sup>®</sup> suppresses Non-Specific Binding and improves sensitivity.**
- **Biolipidure<sup>®</sup> stabilizes IgG on the well and in the buffer solution.**
- **You can chose appropriate Biolipidure<sup>®</sup>.**